Healthier Together



Clinical Assessment/Management tool for Children

CLINICAL ASSESSMENT	Consider Alternative Diagnosis:	RED FLAGS
Barking cough	Foreign Body (FB) (acute onset, choking episode, lack of coryza, fever etc)	History suggestive of foreign body
• Stridor	Epiglottitis and tracheitis (high fever, systemically unwell, unable to swallow	Features of impending airway compromise
Difficulty breathing	saliva)	Looks unwell (septic, ?epiglottitis/tracheitis)
Difficulty feeding	RISK FACTORS	History of severe obstruction
Sore throat and hoarse voice	Immunodeficiency	Structural upper airway abnormality
• Drooling	 Haemodynamically significant congenital heart disease Longer distance to healthcare Odici 1 doctors Neuromuscular disorders Age <three li="" months<=""> Inadequate fluid intake </three>	Poor response to initial treatment

Assessment Table				
	GREEN LOW RISK	AMBER MEDIUM RISK	RED HIGH RISK	
Breathing	 Croupy (barking) cough No stridor Breathing normally 	 Stridor when upset Breathing a bit faster than normal and barking cough Working a bit harder to breathe 	 Stridor at rest Breathing very fast Breathing that stops or pauses Working hard to breathe (looking tired) Very noisy breathing or extra sounds (severe wheezing, grunting) Not able to talk or drooling (because they can't breathe properly) 	
Colour and Circulation	Normal colour skin, lips, and tongue	 Looking pale Dry skin, lips or tongue No wet nappies or not had a wee in last 12 hours 	Pale, blue, grey or mottled skin, lips or tongueVery cold hands or feet	
Activity	 Smiling and responding normally Stays awake or wakes normally Active, playing Normal cry or not crying 	 Difficult to wake up, sleepy Not responding normally Crying and unsettled Poor feeding (babies) or not drinking (children) 	 Difficult to wake up, very sleepy Confused (does not recognise you) Extremely agitated Weak, high-pitched, or continuous cry 	
Other		 Temperature 39°C or above in babies 3-6 months Fever for more than 5 days Shivering with fever (rigors) 	 Temperature less than 36°C Temperature 38°C or more if baby is less than 3 months Inadequate fluid intake (50 to 75% of usual volume, or no wet nappy for 12 hours) 	
	GREEN ACTION	AMBER ACTION	RED ACTION	
	Reassure Consider analgesia Dexamethasone 0.15mg/kg PO or Prednisolone 1mg/kg (Max 40mg) as	Keep child and family calm Consider analgesia Dexamethasone 0.15mg/kg PO or Prednisolone 1mg/kg (Max 40mg) as	Keep child and family calm Consider analgesia Dexamethasone 0.15mg/kg PO or Prednisolone 1mg/kg (Max 40mg) as	
	stat dose Home with patient advice sheet. Provide parent/carer information	stat dose Consider review in 30 minutes after administration of treatment if practical	stat dose Consider Adrenaline neb (0.4ml/kg 1:1000 up to 5ml) Consider Budesonide 2mg neb	
		Consider referral to paediatrics	Oxygen as tolerated Stay with the child 999 transfer to ED	